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roner, resumed eath of Patrick illed through a s; of Mr Morgan d had been em- djourne for the p- s-entative. f deceased gave ey was 30 years Mungset. Board of Trade, inquest to-day, en at the inquiry- represented the s, solicitor, Mr

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MR H. O'B.

ated Law Society Moran, solicitor, s;ing to furnish ilitary authority, ents, the offence of privilege; no action. A gned to have the

HOUNDS.

ls will meet the Hour, 11 o'clock.

ALACE.

was presented to Tivoli Picture and will be re- are two ex- Time," feat- "Gogerbread," a tivating wonder are treat will be management

ment. The result was being shown on the Western front, and there was reason to hope for more important successes still. After referring to the work of co-ordination and co-operation initiated at the several Conferences in Paris, Rome, and Petrograd, and at the Naval Conference, he pointed out that for the period of sixty-three days just coming to a close the daily average expenditure had been £5,790,000, against £5,710,000 for the previous period. The increase was due principally to additional expenditure on munitions and to the purchase of food. The increase for food averaged £190,000 daily during the 63 days, but the Government would get all of that back. The total sums voted since the beginning of the war for war purposes amounted to £3,782,000,000. That did not represent the total expenditure of the country. For the current financial year it would be £2,140,000,000, and since the beginning of the war it had reached the colossal figure of £4,200,000,000. The National debt at the end of March would be £3,800,000,000 to £3,900,000,000, and the total advances to our Allies and Dominions £890,000,000. When the war was over the great bulk of these advances would not be a burden on the taxpayer. After emphasizing the importance of the success of the War Loan, and stating the number of applications and the amount of subscriptions on the general public would exceed those of any previous Loan, he said that we would be able to bear the financial strain longer than our enemies, and it would not be from that cause that we would be forced to make a disastrous peace. His predecessor had raised in additional taxation for the current year £300,000,000, and he believed that for the current year that estimate would be exceeded, and provision had been made for wiping the whole of it away in a comparatively short time. We would be in a far better position to meet the burden than were our forefathers after the Napoleonic wars. We might have greater sacrifices still to bear, but neither on the ground of finance nor in the courage and determination of our people would there be any going back until the end had been reached. The Votes were agreed to.

FOOD SUPPLIES.

Family Rations.

Absolute Need for Economy. We think it our duty to draw the attention of our readers to the new food rations. A number of householders are honestly limiting their consumption to the scale laid down, others from various reasons are not doing this. One cannot help thinking that this is more from want of thought than selfishness. If they read the speeches on the subject, or give it a moment's consideration, they could not help realizing that the scheme drawn up by Lord Devonport and the greatest food experts of the Kingdom, was formulated on the grounds of absolute necessity. Surely, the very fact of the daily issue of vessels sunk, should make people think what will happen if this goes on for six months, or perhaps gets worse. There is no doubt that if this scheme, which is now based on our honour, fails, the next step to meet the situation must be a legal one, with all its hardships and worry. The least those of us at home can do is to do our utmost to reduce our food consumption. That this can be done to the advantage of one's health every doctor has been advocating for years. The only difficulty is that it means more trouble in arranging meals on the part of the mistress, and more trouble on the part of the cook, and surely this small sacrifice can be made. It must never be lost sight of that if the price of meat and bread rises much higher, owing to waste and unnecessary consumption, it is not the rich who will suffer. They can always buy them, no matter what the price should go to, but it is the poor in the cottages throughout the country, to whom meat, bread, and sugar will be a luxury unattainable.

Last week the "Daily News" gave an epitome of the official explanation of the Food-Controller's proposals, which should be carefully studied by the public.

Meat (2½ lbs.)—The question has been asked whether the quantity will represent meat as it is bought from the butcher or after it has been cooked. The answer is that the weight applies to meat bought from the butcher, and including bone and fat. Every person is expected not to eat more than 2½ lbs of meat a week, whether it is consumed at home, in a restaurant, or at a club. And meat includes bacon and sausages.

Bread (4½ lbs.)—The point has been raised whether the 3½ lb of flour allowed for breadmaking includes puddings. The quantity does include puddings. As to the poor people—the number is large who cannot afford 2½ lbs of meat a week. They will be entitled to eat more bread. What Lord Devonport desires is, if they eat more bread they shall consume 1½ lb a week less than they did before.

Sugar (2½ lb)—The sugar question presents more difficulties, and the Food Controller is giving serious attention to it.

It is pointed out that the Inspectors appointed by the Food Controller will look into the matter of distribution.

EBRILL BROS LAND SALES AND GRAZING LETTINGS

Messrs Ebrill Bros held their weekly sale of land at the Agricultural Hall on Saturday. Three holdings came under the hammer. Lot 1, part of the lands of Kishiquirk, Caherconlish, containing about 15½ Irish acres, held from the Irish Land Commission subject to an annuity of £17 18s 10d, with dwelling-house and out-offices, for the Repe of John Franklin, deceased. The bidding for this lot started at £300 and went rapidly up to £920, at which price and fees Mr Patrick Hayes was declared the purchaser. Messrs Ryan and McCoy, solicitors, had carriage of sale.

Lot II, Clonboy, Bidgetown, comprising 32½ 1r 23p, annuity £15, with dwelling-house and offices, for Mrs Bridget Coffey. The bidding for this lot started at £300 and went up to £900, when the lot was withdrawn for sale private.

Lot III, Lackareigh, containing 32a, rent £12 18s, was bid up to £355 when it was withdrawn. Messrs Shannon and Coffey, solicitors, had carriage of sale.

The grazing lands of Dononagh mid 25 per Irish acre, Gappa Castle, 42 a. es, made from £4 17s 6d to £3 10s per acre. The results of these sales were considered most satisfactory.

The farms of Clonboy and Lackareigh, withdrawn on Saturday last at £1,300, have been sold by private treaty at a considerable advance to Mr

DEATH OF MR JOHN RYAN, SOLICITOR.

We regret very much to have to announce the death of Mr John Ryan, solr, who passed away on Sunday morning. The deceased gentleman, who was in his 57th year, was a familiar figure in the city, and one of the best known of our local professional men. He lived all his life as a solicitor in the city of his adoption, and when one remembers that he was "called" so far back as Trinity term of 1857, it is easy to infer that his duties afforded him a wide and varied experience of events in Limerick and in the county of the many changes that have come in so long a period. Mr Ryan, a member of a popular County Limerick family, never married, and his long life, a healthy and an active one, was mainly occupied with his duties as solicitor, and with the management of some five to six hundred acres of land, which he farmed in different districts in the county. His clientele in the city and county was a very large one, and there was no member of the profession who enjoyed to a larger extent the trust and confidence of his country friends, who placed implicit confidence in his advice, a trust which was found fully justified by their careful and painstaking counsel. Some 40 years ago, on the death of the late Mr Joseph Murphy, he was appointed solicitor to the Limerick Board of Guardians, and on the enactment of the Irish Local Government Bill, the solicitorship of Limerick Nos 1 and 2 District Councils was added. He did good and, it may be added, remunerative work for the district councils on the passing of the Irish Land Purchase Act and the Labourers Act, and his services were much appreciated by those for whom he worked in the operation of these measures. Devoted to business as he was, he took little or no part in public life, but lived more or less apart and unostentatiously through all the years, which come to so few in their fullness as they did to him. He enjoyed excellent health up to a brief period before his death, and by his demise a very familiar member of our community will be missed by the friends and fellow-citizens who survive him. It was only towards the last that his illness took a serious turn, and there were few indeed who bore the weight of years so well or heartily, or on whom great age sat so lightly. The remains were removed to St Michael's R.C. Church last night, preliminary to the funeral to-day for Shroneil, the family burial place, after Offie and High Mass.

The Funeral.

After Office and Requiem Mass in St Michael's R.C. Church this morning at 10 o'clock the funeral left for Sharonell, where the interment took place. The cortege was of large proportions, fully representative of every interest in the city and county, and was a striking testimony to the esteem and respect in which the deceased was held by all classes.

The chief mourners were—Mr Patrick Ryan, Mr J Ryan, J.P. Killenure; Mr P Ryan, (nephew), Dr J Ryan, Castleconell (cousin), and other relatives.

The clergy present were—Very Rev Canon Power, P.P. Galbally; Rev Fr Humphreys, P.P. Caherconlish; Rev Fr Curran, P.P. Croon; Very Rev Canon Duan, P.P. Murroe; Rev Fr Godfrey, P.P. Cappanore; Rev Fr O'Connor, Adm, St Michael's; Rev Fr Carroll, C.C. do; Rev Fr Devane, C.C. do; Rev Fr Dwane, C.C. do; Rev Fr Thornhill, C.C.; Rev Fr Carroll, C.C.; Rev Fr McNamara, C.C.; Rev Fr Hannan, C.C.

Amongst the genera public were—The Mayor (S B Quin, D.L.); the High Sheriff (T S Lawler, B.C.); W M Beauchamp, Clerk of the Crown and Peace; County Court Judge C H Doyle, W R Gabbins, J.P., Chairman Co Council; M Quinlan, J.P. Co. C; J S Gaffney, C.S.; Dr W J O'Sullivan, F C Clevee, F J Clevee, Alynor Clevee, W R Twigg, Agent Bank of Ireland; H Blackall, solr; J J Quaid, Secretary County Council; E F M Melville, Manager Provincial Bank; R Nash, solicitor; E Lloyd, P K Hogan, J.P. Co. C; C Moore, B.C.; Alderman P McDonagh, J.P.; T A Hartigan, Sec Co Technical Committee; M Kelly, Accountant Co Council; T Ryan, J.P.; J Quirke, V Turner, Manager National Bank; J Welby, J F Barry, J.P., City Coroner; T Humphreys, D.C.; Dr J Malone, Dr M S McGrath, W M Nolan, J.P., Town Clerk; S Hastings, solr; T H Kenny, solr; M D McCoy, solr; T H Brett, Manager Munster and Leinster Bank; J Quin, J.P.; B O'Donnell, J.P.; P J McGrath, D.C.; Dr C McDonnell, J.P.; W Waters, N Humphreys, J.P.; B Barrington, solicitor; J F Power, J Dundon, solicitor; P J Barry, W Humphreys, J Hurley, D.C.; L O'Donnell, J.P.; W B Fitt, M O'Connell, C H Fitt, D O'Sullivan, solicitor; T O B Kelly, solicitor; W G Peacocke, J.P.; T R Ryan, County Surveyor; J C Bourke, B.L.; M A Bartley, M O'Neill, D.C.; J J O'Malley, C.E.; H J Guinness, E Dauden, E G Fitt, A O G Lalor, A Blood-Smyth, solicitor; J W ters, J Barry, J Flynn, P Coyle, R Leahy, solr; J McGrath, P Hassett, D.C.; T Ryan, V.S.; P E O'Donnell, solr; J F Moran, solr; Dr T K Mulcahy, J McNamara, D.C.; J Ryan, C O'Donnell, solr; D O'Donovan, W Holliday, J.P.; W R Ryan, M Egan, J Dodds, solr; R Frost, solr; J A Doyle, solr; B E F Sheehy, C.E.; S O'Mara, P Mulcahy, D.C.; D O'Brien, J.P.; J O'Brien, J P Hartigan, J Cahill, Woodhouse, P McCarthy, J F Egan, Capt Sir F E Kearey, M Guerin, Postmaster; J O Myles, solr; Dr Humphreys, J H Roche, J.P.; E Loog, J.P.; P Kelly, D.C.; J Hogan, D Begley, P Lane, D.C.; M Clancy, Co C; J Clancy, D.C.; E D Hunt, solr; D Tidmarsh, R Frost, B.C., Chairman Board of Guardians; B Skehan, J.P.; W Ebrill, A J Sexton, S Flynn, M S Power, A Nestor, P Hartigan, W Smyth, M Geraghty, M J Hartigan, C Geraghty, T McGrath, B Collopy, Dr P F Graham, E J O'Riordan, V.S.; J Madden, D.C.; C Ebrill, solicitor; F Dudley Fletcher, C.S.; A O'Leary, V.S.; F Herriot, J McDonagh, W J Halpin, J Gleeson, B.C.; S F Ebrill, A V Barosty, J A Spillane, R Holmes, M O'Brien, Alderman P O'Donovan, A Ryan, J.P.; F Harty, J.P.; P O'Donovan, J Begley, D Godfrey, D.C.; P O'Connor, J O'Meara, Boter; G O'Dea, E Cahill, T McGrath, C Devane, J Humphreys, M O'Grady, D.C.; J Clancy, M O'Callaghan, B.C.; R T Hartigan, J Moloney, D.C.; D Humphreys, D.C.; Dr Pearce, M J Phocell, J.P.; E Baker, J P Lynch, B.C.; M J Russell, M Sheehan, D.C.

Carriages were sent by the Most Rev Dr O'Dwyer, Mrs O'Brien (South Hill), and others. Lord and Lady Emily both deeply regret that they were unable to be present.

"CALLOX"

£200,000 is new money. Food prices, Mr Aspinwall adds, continue to attract the gravest attention. To restore the industrial and commercial relations existing before the war, he stated, with a minimum loss to the State and of the suffering individual, is a task for the best brains the Nation possesses.

FATAL FLYING ACCIDENT IN SCOTLAND.

Lieutenant Killed. Machine on Fire.

During a flight in Scotland, Lieutenant H Macmillan, Royal Flying Corps, was killed. The machine capsized, and catching fire, the Lieutenant was terribly burned. It is believed he was dead before the machine took fire. He belonged to Glasgow, and was 25 years of age.

SUPPLEMENTARY HONOURS LIST.

Besides the Honours published to-day, it is announced that the King has been pleased to confer the Honour of Knighthood upon eight other gentlemen. Among the recipients are Mr Reginald Gamble and Mr Justice Twomey, Indian Civil Service, and Mr Duncan Carmichael, Managing Director of the British India Navigation Company.

TRADES UNION CONGRESS RESOLUTIONS

The members of the Parliamentary Committee of the Trades Union Congress to-day submitted to the Home Secretary resolutions passed at the last Congress at Birmingham.

ROSSENDALE ELECTION

Polling is taking place in Rosendale division to-day, the candidates being Sir Henry Maden (Government), and Mr Albert Taylor (Socialist). Mr Taylor is in the custody of the Military as an absentee.

CHARGE OF WIFE MURDER

Joseph Payton, labourer, was at Caerphilly to-day remanded on the charge of murdering his wife. It is stated the couple, who lived at Llandbradach, South Wales, quarrelled, and that the husband, who, it is alleged, was in drink, seized a razor, and cut his wife's throat, the woman dying in an hour later.

KAISER IN VIENNA

Amsterdam, Tuesday. A Vienna telegram states that the German Emperor has arrived in Vienna on a visit to Emperor Charles.

QUEEN OF BULGARIA ILL

Amsterdam, Monday. A Sofia telegram says the Queen of Bulgaria is seriously ill.

BIG FIRE AT THE PIREUS

Athens, Monday. A big fire, originating in an arms factory, broken out at the Pireus. It is spreading, and there have been many victims.

BOXING IN NEW YORK.

New York, Tuesday. In a ten rounds no decision boxing contest last night Fred Falton secured a technical knockout over Charley Weisert.

SUDDEN DEATH AT TEMPLE-GLANTINE.

An old man named Patrick Moloney, aged 82, dropped dead last Sunday at his house at Temple-glantine after returning from Mass. On the matter being reported to the Deputy Coroner, Mr J Condon, solr, by the police, in the absence of Mr Coroner Robert Cussen, the former did not deem an inquest necessary.

NEW YEAR'S HONOURS.

Irishmen in the List.

A long list of New Year's honours was issued last night. The only new Peer is Sir Henry Graham, of Montreal, whose name occurs in the Colonial list. Sir Bryan Mahon has been appointed an Irish Privy Councillor, and other honours of especially Irish interest are those of knighthoods conferred on the Lord Mayor of Dublin, Mr W M Geough Bond, of Co Antrim; Mr G Vanston, of the Irish L.G.B. and Mr Leonard Dunning, formerly of the R.I.C. and at one time stationed in Clare. It will be noticed that the list is really a war honours list, the recipients having been specially singled out for war work services. The C.B.'s include Col J M Causland Denny and Col W Macadam.

BRADSTREET.—Retail War Flour, 5½d per sack; Bakers' War Flour, 6½d per sack; Wholesale 4½d per sack; Oaten-meal, 5½d per sack; Oaten Flake Meal, 3½d per cwt; Flake Bran, £18 10s per ton; W. Bran, £18 10s per ton; B-d Bran, none; W. Pollard, £18 10s per ton; Indian Meal (coarse), £18 0s per ton; Do. (fine), £18 2s per ton; Extra Fine, £19 6s; Barley Meal, £18 5d.

PIGS. The following are to-day's prices:—Saitab Pigs (1 cwt. 1 qr. 0 lb. to 1 cwt. 2 qrs. 7 lbs.) 115s per cwt; Stout (1 cwt 2 qrs. 8 lbs. to 1 cwt 3 qrs.), 115s per cwt; Overweight (1 cwt. 3 qrs. 1 lb. to 1 cwt. 3 qrs. 14 lbs.), 113s per cwt; Heavy Overweight (over 1 cwt. 3 qrs. 14 lbs.) 109s per cwt; Do. (over 2 cwt. 0 qr. 14 lbs.) —; Unfinished, special price; Berwick (about 8 stone), 113s per cwt; "Sixes" (bacon pigs, under 10 stone), 111s.

CORK BUTTER MARKET.

Supply small; demand steady. Weather cold. Seconds, 190s; Thirds, 164s; A, 186s. Centrifugal Creamery, 208s to 206s; Factories, 198s to 180s.

LYDE CRUSHED SUGAR MARKET.

FEBRUARY 10. Market closed steady. FEBRUARY 12. Market opened steady.

LIMERICK STOCK LIST.

To-Day's Prices. GOVERNMENT STOCK. Consols 82. BANKS. Bank of Ireland 175 x d. National 15 x d. Munster and Leinster 5½ x d. Hibernians 4½. Provincial 20½ x d. Ulster 9½. RAILWAYS. Great Southern Ord. 75. Great Northern 92½. London & North Wes. 98. Canadian Pacific 167½. SOUTH AFRICANS. Chartered 12½. Goldfields 14. Johnnies 19½. MISCELLANEOUS. Guinness Ord. 22½. Coats Ord. 6½. India 3½ Stock 70 7-16. Marconi Ord. 57½ 3d. Marconi Pref. 45½ 3d. Marconi American 16½ 3d. Dunlop Ords. 23½ 3d. Deferred 27½ 3d. Cannocks 5½. Matterson Pref. 4½. Mid Great Western Cons. 27½. AMERICANS. Aetna 100. Erie 30. Louisville 130. Missouri 9. Southern Pacific 84. Unions 143.

HUNTING.

LIMERICK HARRIERS WILL MEET ON FEBRUARY. Thursday, 15th, Ferrybridge 12 o'clock.

LIMERICK COUNTY COUNCIL

MAINTENANCE OF LIVE STOCK (IRELAND) ORDER OF 1915

THE Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland by virtue and in exercise of the powers vested in them under the Maintenance of Live Stock Act, 1915, and for the purpose of maintaining a sufficient stock of animals, do hereby order as follows:—

ANIMALS IN-CALF OR IN-PIG NOT TO BE SLAUGHTERED OR EXPORTED.

1. An animal which is visibly or obviously in-calf or in-pig shall not (a) be slaughtered, or be caused or permitted by its owner to be slaughtered; or (b) be moved out of Ireland, or be caused or permitted by its owner to be moved out of Ireland.

EXCEPTIONS FROM RESTRICTIONS.

2. The restrictions imposed by the foregoing Article shall not apply to— (a) slaughter of an animal under the powers conferred by the Diseases of Animals Act 1894 to 1914, or any Order made thereunder; or (b) slaughter of an animal necessary or desirable on account of accidental injury to the animal or its illness; or (c) slaughter or movement out of Ireland of an animal in the opinion of the Department the slaughter or movement out of Ireland is desirable for any exceptional reason or purpose and the slaughter or movement is authorised by a licence granted by the Department or officer of the Department.

POWERS OF INSPECTORS.

3. Any Veterinary Inspector of the Department or, subject to the direction of the Department, any Inspector of a Local Authority may enter any slaughterhouse or other premises on which animals are slaughtered for human food and examine any animals or carcasses therein.

REVOCATION.

4. The Slaughter of Animals (Ireland) Order 1915 is hereby revoked.

APPLICATION OF ORDER.

5. This Order applies to Ireland.

INTERPRETATION.

6. In this Order "the Department" means the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland; "Local Authority" means the Local Authority under the Diseases of Animals Act, 1894 to 1914; "Animals" means cattle, sheep, and swine.

COMMENCEMENT.

7. This Order shall come into operation on the first day of September, Nineteen hundred and fifteen.

SHORT TITLE.

8. This Order may be cited as the MAINTENANCE OF LIVE STOCK (IRELAND) ORDER OF 1915. In witness whereof the Department of Agriculture and Technical Instruction for Ireland have hereunto set their Official Seal this twenty-fourth day of August, Nine